UNDER COVERNMENT

SUPERVISION MEMBER BANK UNDER FEDERAL RESERVE ACT

PRESTICE

When a check is received bearing the name, "FIRST NATIONAL BANK," it carries with it prestige and the recipient knows the maker of the

In offering the services of this bank, we are placing at your disposal banking relations that must reflect to your advantage in all your business dealings, -which is PRESTIGE.

Member of the Federal Reserve Bank.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS FROM 7 TO 8

First National Bank Wauseon, Ohio "The Bank on The Busy Corner"

MR. BUILDER

roof shall I put on my building.

the coming roof.

Opposite M. E. Church.

Has the question ever come to you? What kind of a

Did it ever appear to you that a Metal Shingle Roof is the most ornamental and durable for your house. . That it is

Do you know that we have a full line of ROOFING, SPOUTING and FURNACES at your command. That all

R. R. COON & CO

Wauseen, O.

our work is guaranteed. At price that's right.

check has sound banking connections.

On the other hand, Frank E. Willis has everywhere been methy the largest to demand the same from their local taxing officials, meaning, of course, the auditors. He was quite willing to cast, suspicion on the 52 democratic auditors to make capital for himself, but he purposely falled to say that his controlled Legislature added new expenses for the local tax payers to bear.

Fulton County must pay \$2000.00 for mother's pensions for the blind; \$504.40 to State insurance fund for laborers; \$1500.00 for mother's pensions for the blind; \$504.40 to State insurance fund for laborers; \$1500.00 for salary and expenses of County superintendent; \$131.31 from the scant school funds to the plethoric state insurance fund; \$1168.47 state levy for roads; \$2,249 increased cost of getting duplicate under Warnes law; a total of \$10,981.34 new expenses to County has considered to the processing fight against the school local funds being robbed to pay into state fund but were treated with contempt by Governor Cox. One may favor all or a part of these expenses but the

POLITICAL ADVERTISING

New Burdens — Taxing Officials
Should be Selected By The Taxpa'rer not the Tax Spenders—Fig.

No more graphic demonstration of the fact that the people are more capable of electing they officials to to the taxpayers? Is it possible that he looks on the State that King James the First and the Governor's consent, in an effort to off-selt, search and the contract that king James the First and the Governor's consent, in an effort to off-selt and the contract that king James the First and the Governor's consent, in an effort to off-selt the fact that the people are more capable of electing they officials to do his bidding, but also can be found, than in the comparing of the assessment of personal property in the years 1911, 1912, 1913, 1913, under the years belief that he oppointive officials in 1914. fact remains they must be borne.

Secretary-Treasurer, Ohio Land Owners' League

### SOIL AND COWS

of the assessment of personal property in the years 1911, 1912, 1913, under the County Auditor aided by elective assessors, with the cost under Warnes Law appointive officials in 1914.

In 1911, the duplicate for Fulton County was \$85,540,630, the cost of getting it under auditor being \$1,539. In 1912 the duplicate was \$36,385,770, the cost of getting it being \$1,698. The Auditor increased the duplicate was \$36,385,770, the Cost of getting it cost of getting it being \$1,698. The Auditor increased the duplicate was \$37,207. The Auditor increased the duplicate was \$37,207. The duplicate therefore, was increased \$3821,560 but the cost of getting it was DECREASED \$6.00.

Secretary The auditor increased the cost of getting it was DECREASED \$6.00.

Secretary The auditor the property was assessed. MARY E. LEE,

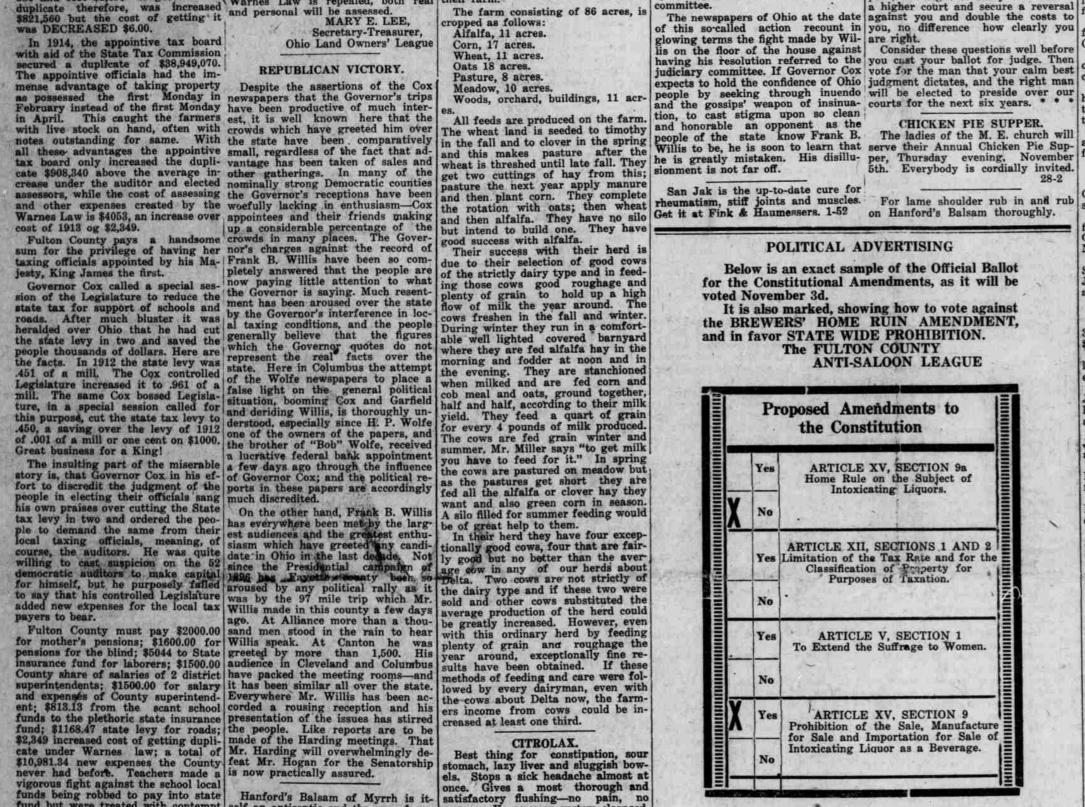
In 1914, the appointive tax board with aid of the cost of getting it was compared to the cost of getting it was DECREASED \$6.00.

Secretary The auditor the property was assessed. MARY E. LEE,

In 1914, the appointive tax board with aid of the cost of getting it was decreased with a decreased was the cost of getting it was decreased was the cost of getting it was decreased was the cost of getting it was decreased was a decreased was the cost of getting it was decreased was a An example of this campaign of falsification is, found in the literate state of the state of the

POLITICAL ADVERTISING

EVIDENCE OF DESPERATION. OFFICE COMMON PLEAS JUDGE.



Cut this ballo, out and take it with you into the booth and yo an't Make a mistake.

W. W. Clapp and wife to O. H. Gun, lot 24, Pray's addition, Delta, \$1, and exchange of property.

Charles P. Grisier and wife to
Joseph J. and Emma C. Nia, parts of
lots 77 and 78, Livermore and Munn's addition Wauseon, \$1500.

John J. Leitner and wife to Fred J. Volmer and Mertie E. Volmer, 60

Ashley J. Carter, 80 acres, section 26, Swan Creek township, \$5000. Frank S. Harman and Dora Har-man to Mary M. Dinius, part of lot 24, Gates and Kennedy's addition, Delta, \$2800.

C. L. Allen and wife to H. A. Pawling and Mrs. Minnie Pawling, part lot 4, Block 4, Humphrey's addition, Fayette. \$2000.

township, \$800.

## **COUNTY AFFAIRS**

Glen V. Soule, 29, merchant, and Otha I. Sullinger, 24, both of Wau-

Real Estate Transfers. Otto Schlegel to Fred Grandy, lot 35, Beachwood addition, Wauseon,

J. Volmer and Mertie E. Volmer, 60 acres section 32 York township, \$1.

Peter Reining and wife to Garry Frise, 40 acres, section 27, Chesterfield township, \$1.

Harry Kulp and wife to Oliver Mc-Lain, part of lot 101, John Newcomer's addition, Wauseon, \$1.

Lincoln H. Carter 200 acres certies 26

Fred Waterbury, 25, farmer, Blissfield, Michigan, and Florence L. Clough, 18, Metamora, Ohio.

New Cases in Common Pleas Court.

Elizabeth Rhost vs The Village of Swanton, Charles F. Trowbridge and John Zoigles. John Zeigler, action to collect damages, amount claimed, \$3000.

David Morningstar and wife to Al-David Morningstar and wife to Althea Orndorff and Emily T. Orndorff,
part of lot 22, Barber's addition,
Wauseon, \$2400.
Emma E. Miley and Zenas R. Miley to Elizabeth Morningstar, part of
lot 10, Barber's addition, Wauseon,

John Diegel to Theda D. Barnes, parcel of land, section 12, Clinton

 Ottawa Tile Co., materisl
 \$ 76.85

 O. J. Dodge, Dist Supt.
 120.00

 C. P. Weber, same
 140.00

 M. E. Mattern, same
 163.50

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is the Cornerstone of Your

Home's Happiness Protecting Health by installing perfect plumbing and "Standard" guaranteed plumb-

ing fixtures is our specialty-

made so by thorough knowledge

and experience. Upon this

basis we solicit your order.



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POLITICAL ADVERTISING

# What The Judges Say:

Judge Davis, 13 years Supreme Court Judge, says:

"It would take away from the people power to prohibit the traffic either by legislation or local option except municipal corporations or in a township con-

taining municipal corporations."

Judge Henry, seven years Circuit Judge, Cleveland

prohibits state-wide Prohibition by legislative enactment, specifically destroys county option and nullifiies all state laws prohibiting the sale of liquor to drunkards, minors, or in other ways now prohibited by law."

"The proposed amendment

Judge Wildman, of the Circuit Court:

"The so-called Home Rule amendment was drawn with cunning care or purposely to imperil the law against Sunday selling, sale to minors and all existing or future legislation of a prohibitory character."

Circuit Judge Hurin:

the power to pass prohibitory laws of township, county or state-wide effect. It takes from the people their right to act on such laws by initiative and ref-

"It takes from the legislature

United State Judge

POLITICAL ADVERTISING

Killits:

"All laws on the statute books of general application throughout the state-which seek to minimize its evil effects-will be in jeopardy."

Judge Gottlieb Bambach, of Brown County, says:

"Who can anticipate the per-

nicious result which might and most likely would follow so radical a reversal of the state's attitude toward the liquor traffic. The proposition is a vain attempt to check the onward march of business sentiment; but shows the brazen nature of the defenders of the vilest slavery that has ever degraded mankind. The overwhelming defeat of this monstrous proposition should be the aim of every citizen who believes in good governJudge John M. Brodrick. Common Pleas Judge, of Union County, says:

"By adopting the proposed amendment there would be such grave danger of interfering with, or prohibiting, the legislature from exercising its police powers as to give absolute license to liquor dealers to sell to persons in the habit of becoming intoxicated, or to minors, as would overthrow the peace and good order of every communi-

DANGEROUS

## IS THE SO-CALLED "HOME RULE" AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION PROPOSED BY THE LIQUOR INTEREST BECAUSE

FIRST: It seeks to surrender and take away from the people THEIR RIGHT TO LEGISLATE in relation to the liquor traffic. The voter is not asked to enact a faw in relation to the traffic, but to voluntarily surrender all right of himself and the people of the State to remark laws prohibiting the sale, furnishing or giving away intoxicating liquors in the State or a subdivision thereof, except in Municipal Corporations or a Township outside of a Municipal Corporation therein.

SECOND: It seeks to annul section 2 of article 1 of the Constitution by giving the liquor traffic a certificate of immunity from any and all interference by law, whether enacted by the people or the Legislature.

THIRD: It seeks to give privileges to the liquor business that no other business has. What would you do Mr. Voter, if an amendment should be offered to take away your right to control Trusts, Monopolies and big business? This so called "Home Rule" amendment is the first

FOURTH: It is the beginning of studied attempt to repeal and annul the provision of the constitution giving the people the right to Legislate through the Initiative and Referendum. Under this provision the people have the right at any general election to repeal the Rose County Local Option or any other law or to enact or repeal any local option, regulatory, prohibitory or other law. By the proposed amendment the people are not asked merely to repeal or enact a law; but to surrender and give up their right to enact such laws—to repeal the provision of the Initiative and Referendum in so far as it applies to this phase of the liquor traffic. If the Initiative and Referendum is a wise and beneficient law, let the wisedom and expediency of its repeal be submitted to the people to surrender this valuable right. Is not this demand the first step in a plan designed to take away the right of the people to control all business?

Is it not a blow struck at the right of the people to govern?

FIFTH: It is placed before the people under the catch title of "Home Rule" which is but a subterfuge to mislead and conceal the real purpose to repeal or jeopardize all existing laws for the regulation and control of the liquor traffic, which in effect is not "Home Rule" but SIXTH: The proposed amendment is so worded that the ablest lawyers of the State do not agree as to its purport and meaning. Attorney General Hogan says "Our department is agreed that the amendment is awkardly drawn. There is no reason why it should not have been Why is it not clear? Above we give the opinion of eminent jurists who say that it is a very serious and grave question as to whether the proposed amendment will not repeal the existing and prevent the enactment of any future regulatory liquor laws.

If the opinion of these jurists is well founded, then the adoption of this proposition will repeal the license provision of the Constitution and all laws passed thereunder. It will go further and repeal laws prohibiting sales on Sunday, to minors, intoxicated persons; at fairs and

It will also repeal the Dow Assessmet Law Tax, and relieve the liquor interests of a tax of over one-half million dollars. Voters have a right to assume that this Amendment has been obscurely worded to cover up this REAL purpose. That is why the Brewery Combine and

Distillers Trust is spending thousands for its success.

The wording of a constitutional amendment should be so clear and explict that any voter could judge for himself what its meaning is. He should not have to depend on the opinions of lawyers who themselves cannot agree as to what it means.

The Courts, in the end will have to decide what this amendment means. Giving everyone credit for honesty, how can the voter know what THEIR OPINION is going to be. Will it be the same as that now given by lawyers favorable to the Liquor Trust, or will it agree with the opinions of those eminent jurists who are confident it will nullify all our regulatory laws.

HOW CAN THE VOTER KNOW? It is DANGEROUS to put into our Constitution a Chinese Puzzle, about which all admit, means the surrender of the people's rights, and added power to one of our most dangerous Monopolies. HOME DEFENDERS LEAGUE OF FULTON COUNTY